

KECK GEOLOGY CONSORTIUM

**PROCEEDINGS OF THE TWENTY-FIFTH
ANNUAL KECK RESEARCH SYMPOSIUM IN
GEOLOGY**

April 2012
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2011-2012 PROJECTS

TECTONIC EVOLUTION OF THE CHUGACH-PRINCE WILLIAM TERRANE, SOUTH-CENTRAL ALASKA

Faculty: *JOHN GARVER*, Union College, *Cameron Davidson*, Carleton College

Students: *EMILY JOHNSON*, Whitman College, *BENJAMIN CARLSON*, Union College, *LUCY MINER*, Macalester College, *STEVEN ESPINOSA*, University of Texas-El Paso, *HANNAH HILBERT-WOLF*, Carleton College, *SARAH OLIVAS*, University of Texas-El Paso.

ORIGINS OF SINUOUS AND BRAIDED CHANNELS ON ASCRAEUS MONS, MARS

Faculty: *ANDREW DE WET*, Franklin & Marshall College, *JAKE BLEACHER*, NASA-GSFC, *BRENT GARRY*, Smithsonian

Students: *JULIA SIGNORELLA*, Franklin & Marshall College, *ANDREW COLLINS*, The College of Wooster, *ZACHARY SCHIERL*, Whitman College.

TROPICAL HOLOCENE CLIMATIC INSIGHTS FROM RECORDS OF VARIABILITY IN ANDEAN PALEOGLACIERS

Faculty: *DONALD RODBELL*, Union College, *NATHAN STANSELL*, Byrd Polar Research Center

Students: *CHRISTOPHER SEDLAK*, Ohio State University, *SASHA ROTHENBERG*, Union College, *EMMA CORONADO*, St. Lawrence University, *JESSICA TREANTON*, Colorado College.

EOCENE TECTONIC EVOLUTION OF THE TETON-ABSAROKA RANGES, WYOMING

Faculty: *JOHN CRADDOCK*, Macalester College, *DAVE MALONE*, Illinois State University

Students: *ANDREW KELLY*, Amherst College, *KATHRYN SCHROEDER*, Illinois State University, *MAREN MATHISEN*, Augustana College, *ALISON MACNAMEE*, Colgate University, *STUART KENDERES*, Western Kentucky University, *BEN KRASUSHAAR*

INTERDISCIPLINARY STUDIES IN THE CRITICAL ZONE, BOULDER CREEK CATCHMENT, FRONT RANGE, COLORADO

Faculty: *DAVID DETHIER*, Williams College

Students: *JAMES WINKLER*, University of Connecticut, *SARAH BEGANSKAS*, Amherst College, *ALEXANDRA HORNE*, Mt. Holyoke College

DEPTH-RELATED PATTERNS OF BIOEROSION: ST. JOHN, U.S. VIRGIN ISLANDS

Faculty: *DENNY HUBBARD* and *KARLA PARSONS-HUBBARD*, Oberlin College

Students: *ELIZABETH WHITCHER*, Oberlin College, *JOHNATHAN ROGERS*, University of Wisconsin-Oshkosh, *WILLIAM BENSON*, Washington & Lee University, *CONOR NEAL*, Franklin & Marshall College, *CORNELIA CLARK*, Pomona College, *CLAIRE McELROY*, Otterbein College.

THE HRAFNFJORDUR CENTRAL VOLCANO, NORTHWESTERN ICELAND

Faculty: *BRENNAN JORDAN*, University of South Dakota, *MEAGEN POLLOCK*, The College of Wooster

Students: *KATHRYN KUMAMOTO*, Williams College, *EMILY CARBONE*, Smith College, *ERICA WINELAND-THOMSON*, Colorado College, *THAD STODDARD*, University of South Dakota, *NINA WHITNEY*, Carleton College, *KATHARINE*, *SCHLEICH*, The College of Wooster.

SEDIMENT DYNAMICS OF THE LOWER CONNECTICUT RIVER

Faculty: *SUZANNE O'CONNELL* and *PETER PATTON*, Wesleyan University

Students: *MICHAEL CUTTLER*, Boston College, *ELIZABETH GEORGE*, Washington & Lee University, *JONATHAN SCHNEYER*, University of Massachusetts-Amherst, *TIRZAH ABBOTT*, Beloit College, *DANIELLE MARTIN*, Wesleyan University, *HANNAH BLATCHFORD*, Beloit College.

ANATOMY OF A MID-CRUSTAL SUTURE: PETROLOGY OF THE CENTRAL METASEDIMENTARY BELT BOUNDARY THRUST ZONE, GRENVILLE PROVINCE, ONTARIO

Faculty: *WILLIAM PECK*, Colgate University, *STEVE DUNN*, Mount Holyoke College, *MICHELLE MARKLEY*, Mount Holyoke College

Students: *KENJO AGUSTSSON*, California Polytechnic State University, *BO MONTANYE*, Colgate University, *NAOMI BARSHI*, Smith College, *CALLIE SENDEK*, Pomona College, *CALVIN MAKO*, University of Maine, Orono, *ABIGAIL MONREAL*, University of Texas-El Paso, *EDWARD MARSHALL*, Earlham College, *NEVA FOWLER-GERACE*, Oberlin College, *JACQUELYNE NESBIT*, Princeton University.

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Keck Geology Consortium: Projects 2011-2012
Short Contributions— Connecticut River Project

ANTHROPOGENIC IMPACTS AND ENVIRONMENTAL CHANGES RECORDED IN THE IN THE DEPOSITIONAL HISTORY OF THE LOWER CONNECTICUT RIVER

Project Faculty: SUZANNE O'CONNELL Wesleyan University

FRESH-WATER DIATOMS AS BIOINDICATORS OF POLLUTION IN SELDEN COVE, CONNECTICUT RIVER

TIRZAH ABBOT, Beloit College

Research Advisor: Carl Mendelson

GEOCHEMICAL CHARACTERIZATION OF TIDAL COVES OF THE CONNECTICUT RIVER ESTUARY

HANNAH BLATCHFORD, Beloit College

Research Advisor: Carl Mendelson

VARIABILITY OF SUSPENDED-SEDIMENT DISTRIBUTION IN THE CONNECTICUT RIVER ESTUARY

MICHAEL CUTLER, Boston College

Research Advisor: Gail Kineke

RECONSTRUCTING ENVIRONMENTAL CHANGES IN THE LOWER CONNECTICUT RIVER USING DIATOMS

ELIZABETH JEAN GEORGE, Washington and Lee University

Research Advisor: David J. Harbor

INVASIVE FRESHWATER CLAM, CORBICULA FLUMINEA, HABITATS IN THE LOWER CONNECTICUT RIVER

DANIELLE MARTIN, Wesleyan University

Research Advisor: Suzanne O'Connell

COMPARING SEDIMENT DEPOSITION USING MERCURY INVENTORIES FOR BACK-WATER AND SALT MARSH ENVIRONMENTS

JONATHAN SCHNEYER, University of Massachusetts Amherst

Research Advisor: Jon Woodruff

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INVASIVE FRESHWATER CLAM, *CORBICULA FLUMINEA*, HABITATS IN THE LOWER CONNECTICUT RIVER

DANIELLE MARTIN, Wesleyan University
Research Advisor: Suzanne O'Connell

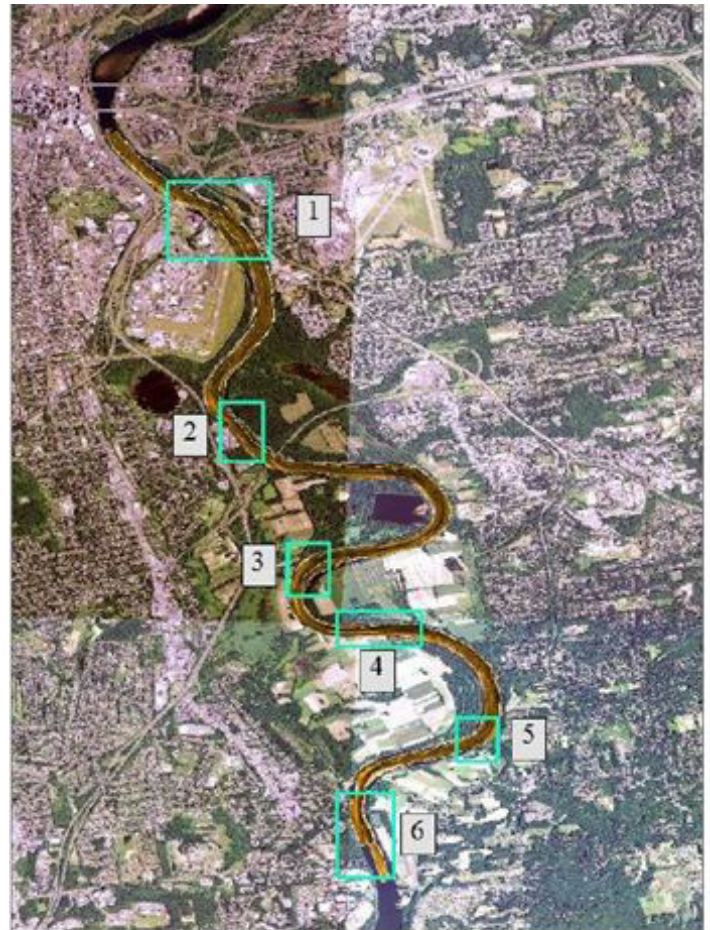
INTRODUCTION

Corbicula fluminea is a rapidly reproducing freshwater clam, also referred to as the Asian Clam. Native to Southeast Asia and Africa, today it is found throughout Asia, North America, South America, Europe and parts of Africa. It was suspected to have been brought to North America by immigrants from China intending to harvest the Asian Clam (Müller, 1774). The Asian Clam is known as a popular biofouler, costing companies millions of dollars annually.

In this study we tried to identify the factors which contribute to the life cycle of the Asian Clam in the Connecticut River. Specifically, we wanted to see if the clam had a preference as to where it lived on the river bedform. We used samples from four different areas in the Glastonbury Meanders of the Connecticut River (Ostfeld 2011). Bedforms were identified using a Datasonics SIS-1000 sidescan with sub-bottom profiler. Sample locations (Fig. 1) were identified from these images and grab samples were taken by scuba divers at specific locations on the bedform.

Lifestyle of *Corbicula Fluminea* Lifestyle

Because of its highly reproductive nature and low mortality rate, *C. fluminea* populations quickly come to dominate any environment that they are introduced into, even man-made structures. The Asian Clam is a popular biofouler, costing companies over one billion dollars annually in damages by blocking ventilation systems and water intake valves. The majority of studies have concluded that this species reproduces twice a year, taking place between late spring and early fall, but this can vary depending on the environment it's living in. A single clam can release an average of 400 of juveniles a day and up to 70,000 per year. It does not require a fish host to incubate its larvae. This greatly eliminates the problem of



Connecticut River
Glastonbury Meanders

Figure 1. April 2010 sidescan survey highlighting six major bedform fields (Ostfeld 2011)

reduced transformation success of larvae. After the larvae are released into the water, measuring about 250 μm in dimension, they settle and bury into the substratum. After the water column release, juveniles anchor to sediments and vegetation using a mucilaginous byssal thread, a tough fibrous structure which is secreted and used to attach to substrate. Juveniles are also dispersed over long distances by turbulent flows.

